

STOCK PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION SUPPLY

The Clarinda Community School District seeks to provide a safe environment for students, staff, and visitors who are at risk of potentially life-threatening incidents including severe allergic reactions, respiratory distress and opioid overdose. Therefore, it is the policy of the district to annually obtain a prescription for epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canisters and spacers and/or opioid antagonist from a licensed health care professional, in the name of the school district, for administration by school nurse or personnel trained and authorized to administer to a student or individual who may be experiencing an anaphylactic reaction, respiratory distress or acute opioid overdose.

Procurement and maintenance of supply: The district shall stock a minimum of the following for each attendance center:

- One pediatric dose and one adult dose epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~
- One pediatric dose and one adult dose bronchodilator canister or spacer;
- One dose naloxone or other opioid antagonist.

The supply of such medication shall be maintained in a secure, easily accessible area for an emergency within the school building, or in addition to other locations as determined by the school district.

A school nurse shall routinely check stock of medication and document in a log monthly:

- The expiration date;
- Any visualized particles; or color change for epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~; or
- Bronchodilator canister damage.

The employee shall be responsible for ensuring the district replaces, as soon as reasonably possible, any logged epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~ that is empty after use, damaged or, close to expiration. The district shall dispose of stock medications and delivery devices in accordance with state laws and regulations.

Training: A school nurse or personnel trained and authorized may provide or administer any of the medication listed in this policy from a school supply to a student or individual if the authorized personnel or school nurse reasonably and in good faith believes the student or individual is having an anaphylactic reaction, respiratory distress, asthma or other airway-constricting disease, or opioid overdose. Training to obtain a signed certificate to become personnel authorized to administer an epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canister or spacer or opioid antagonist shall consist of the requirements of medication administration established by law and an annual anaphylaxis asthma, other airway-constricting disease, opioid overdose training program approved by the Department of Education.

Authorized personnel will be required to retake the medication administration course, training program and provide a procedural skills demonstration to the school nurse demonstrating competency in the administration of stock epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canister and spacer or opioid antagonist to retain authorization to administer these medications if the following occur:

- Failure to administer an epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canisters and spacers or opioid antagonist according to generally accepted standards of practice (“medication error”); or
- Accidental injection of injury to school personnel related to improperly administering the medication (“medication incident”).

Reporting: Authorized personnel will contact the school nurse or emergency medical services (911) immediately after a stock bronchodilator canister is administered to a student or individual. The school

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nurse retains accountability for professional nursing judgment with the administration of stock bronchodilator and whether to IASB Policy Reference Manual IASB Policy Management Console contact emergency medical services in accordance with Iowa laws.

The district will contact emergency medical services (911) immediately after a stock epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, or stock opioid antagonist is administered to a student or individual. The school nurse or authorized personnel will remain with the student or individual until emergency medical services arrive.

Within 48 hours, the district will report to the Iowa Department of Education:

- Each medication incident with the administration of stock epinephrine, bronchodilator canisters and spacers and opioid antagonist;
- Each medication error with the administration of stock epinephrine, bronchodilator canisters and spacers and opioid antagonist; or
- The administration of a stock epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canisters and spacers and opioid antagonist.

As provided by law, the district, board, authorized personnel or school nurse, and the prescriber shall not be liable for any injury arising from the provision, administration, failure to administer, or assistance in the administration of an epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~, bronchodilator canisters and spacers and opioid antagonist provided they acted reasonably and in good faith.

The superintendent may develop an administrative process to implement this policy.

NOTE: Districts are not required by law to stock and maintain a supply of epinephrine delivery systems ~~auto-injectors~~. However, if a district decides to stock and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors, the board is required to establish a policy.

NOTE: For additional information and, training resources and reporting forms regarding voluntary stock medication, please visit the Department of Education's page titled "School Nurse Resources" and scroll down to "Stock Medications," located at <https://educateiowa.gov/pk-12/learner-supports/school-nurse/school-nurse-resources>.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 135.185; 190; 279.8.
281 I.A.C. 14.3.
81 I.A.C. 620

Cross Reference: 507.2 Administration of Medication